

知识归纳

Unit 1 What's the matter?

核心词汇
matter, stomachache, break, neck, fever, lie/lay/lain/lying, rest, hit, headache, hurt, passenger, foot/feet, trouble, herself, sick, knee, importance, situation, risk, mean, climber, ourselves, death/die/died/dying

用法集萃
need to do sth. 需要做某事
ask sb. sth. 询问某人某事
expect sb. to do sth. 期望某人做某事
agree to do sth. 同意做某事
want to do sth. 想要做某事
tell sb. to do sth. 告诉某人做某事
use sth. to do sth. 用某物做某事
keep on doing sth. 继续做某事
have problems (in) doing sth. 做某事有困难
be/get used to doing sth. 习惯于做某事

Unit 2 I'll help to clean up the city parks.

核心词汇
cheer, volunteer, sign, notice, lonely, several, strong, feeling, satisfaction, joy, owner, journey, raise, alone, repair, fix, broken, disabled, blind, deaf, imagine, difficulty, excited, understand, change, interest

用法集萃
make plans to do sth. 制订计划做某事
ask sb. (not) to do sth. 要求某人(不要)做某事

used to do sth. 过去常常做某事
get a feeling of... 产生……的感觉
decide to do sth. 决定做某事
help sb. (to) do sth. 帮助某人做某事
make a difference to 对……产生影响
make it possible for sb. to do sth. 使得做某事对某人来说成为可能

Unit 3 Could you please clean your room?

核心词汇
rubbish, fold, sweep, mess, throw/threw/thrown/throwing, neither, pass, borrow, lend, hate, chore, while, snack, stress, waste, provide, anyway, depend, develop, independence, fairness, unfair

用法集萃
want sb. to do sth. 想要某人做某事
try (not) to do sth. 尽力(不)做某事
hate to do sth. 厌恶做某事
make sb. do sth. 让/使某人做某事

let sb. do sth. 让某人做某事
spend... doing sth. 花费……做某事
provide sth. for sb. 向某人提供某物
mind doing sth. 介意做某事
learn to do sth. 学会做某事
learn how to do sth. 学会怎样做某事
the + 比较级..., the + 比较级 越……, 就越……
do one's part in (doing) sth. 尽自己的职责做某事
Neither + 连系动词 be/助动词/情态动词+主语, ……也不……

完形空间

阅读下面短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

What is the best way to study? This is a very important question. Some Chinese students often 1 very hard 2 long hours. This is a 3 habit, but it is not a better way to study. A good student must 4 enough sleep, enough food and enough rest. Every 5 you 6 to take a walk or play basketball or ping-pong or sing a song. When you 7 to your studies, you'll find yourself 8 than before and you'll learn more.

Perhaps we can 9 that learning English is like taking Chinese medicine. We mean that like Chinese medicine, the *effects* (效果) of your study 10 slowly but surely. Learn every day and effects will come just like Chinese medicine.

() 1. A. play B. study C. sleep D. think
() 2. A. at B. in C. for D. with
() 3. A. best B. better C. good D. bad
() 4. A. have B. do C. want D. make
() 5. A. month B. week C. hour D. day
() 6. A. want B. hope C. need D. wish
() 7. A. begin B. return C. go D. are
() 8. A. stronger B. weaker C. strong D. weak
() 9. A. say B. guess C. talk D. know
() 10. A. return B. come C. give D. get

阅读地带

根据材料内容,选择最佳答案。

*** Teachers Wanted**
Are you a teacher? Do you like children? Can you help them with Chinese on weekends? Come to join us. Call John at 378-5788 if you are interested.

*** Ping-pong Club**
Do you like to play ping-pong? Do you want to play ping-pong well? Mr. Cai can teach you. You can come here every Saturday afternoon.
Tel: 368-5778 Add: Room 212 in School's P.E. Building.

*** Learning Japanese**
Can you speak Japanese? Do you want to learn Japanese? Please join the Japanese Club now. Call Jane at 345-1238.
Time: 8:30 a.m.~11:00 a.m. (from Monday to Friday)

*** Musicians Wanted**
Are you a music lover? Can you sing or dance? Can you play any *instruments* (乐器)? Welcome to our Star Rock Band.
Please call Tina at 898-3443 or send an e-mail to music@163.com.

() 1. Gina is a good teacher and she wants to find a job. Who may *offer* (提供) her a job?
A. Tina. B. John. C. Jane. D. Mr. Cai.
() 2. You can be in the Japanese Club for _____ to learn Japanese from Monday to Friday.
A. 2.5 hours B. 3.5 hours C. 5 hours D. 6 hours
() 3. If you are a music lover and you want to be a dancer, you can _____.
A. call Jane B. call 368-5778
C. send an e-mail to music@163.com
D. go to Room 212 in School's P.E. Building
() 4. Who can teach you to play ping-pong?
A. Tina. B. John. C. Jane. D. Mr. Cai.

答案角

第27期第1-4版

第1版
1. D 2. C
1. T 2. F 3. F

第2版
1. ①is ②is
2. the minute/as soon as
3. ①Neither do I ②Neither can John
4. A

第3版
1. I. mess 2. floor 3. folded
4. rubbish 5. swept
II. 1. takes out the rubbish
2. fold the clothes 3. sweeping the floor
4. make my bed 5. doing the dishes
III. 1-5 DAGBE

第4版
1. I. 1. threw 2. shirts 3. fingers
4. borrowed 5. pass
II. 1. while 2. hate 3. lent
4. neither 5. chores
III. 1. all the time 2. as soon as

3. living room 4. in surprise 5. come over
6. hang out 7. take care of
②The busier; the happier

第3课时
1. 1. waste 2. since 3. stress
4. neighbor 5. stress
II. 1. pass 2. to provide 3. to depend
4. to develop 5. dropped
III. ①: 4 ②: 3
1. Yes, sure. / Sure. / Yes, I can.
2. No, you can't.
3. Yes, you can. / Of course. / Sure.
4. Sorry, I can't. I have to do my homework. / No, I can't.

第4课时
1. 1. rubbish 2. lent 3. fairness
4. fingers 5. independent
II. 1. do our part 2. have no idea

3. in order to 4. As a result
5. take care of
III. 1. in order to stay healthy
2. how to take care of myself
3. never mind doing them
4. There is no need for us
5. The friendlier; the more

Self Check
I. 1. of 2. for 3. on
4. with 5. out
II. 1. able 2. weekends 3. hard
4. share 5. Though 6. example
7. volunteer 8. own 9. enough
10. everything

第4版
1-5 BCDAD

《学习报》是一份多学科、多层次、多角度面向全国大中小学生及教育工作者的教辅类报纸。本报的办报方针是“紧扣课标及教材,针对年级特点和学科特色同步辅导”。本报旨在拓宽学生阅读视野,激发学习兴趣,培养高尚的人格和高雅的情趣,提升综合能力。本报诚邀各学科各类教育、教辅稿件,撰稿、荐稿者请注意以下事项:

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校园漫谈

How do you go back to school?
开学已经一个月了,你适应学校生活了吗?

After a holiday, it's always hard to go back to school. That's why in many countries, there are special traditions for the first day of school. They cheer students up and make the day easier. Let's take a look.

the US & the UK
In these countries, students go back-to-school shopping to get new school things and clothes. This lets them make a fresh start. In high school, there is *spirit week* (“校园精神周”) to get kids excited. Families can come and visit the school.

Germany
On the first day of school, German kids get a colorful *cone* (锥形筒). Usually their parents make it. What's in the cone? There are classroom things like pens and pencils, as well as candy and toys.

Russia
In Russia, the first day of school is called Knowledge and Skills Day. There is a “first bell” *ceremony* (仪式) at school. Students must dress up and give flowers to their new teachers. They get a balloon in return.

There are also fun activities such as dancing and ball games.

图片趣闻

Denmark's dog laws
狗拉雪橇成丹麦正式交通工具。

Denmark will allow *carriages* (车) pulled by dogs to travel on roads next year, according to the traffic laws. Having carriages pulled by dogs is a traditional activity in the country. “It is a healthy form of sport that should be allowed in Denmark,” Minister for Transport said in a statement. This was welcomed by a *Danishsled* (雪橇) dog club, which has about 80 to 100 members who drive dog sleds in forests and other areas around the country.

[Have a try]根据材料内容,回答问题

- When will Denmark allow carriages pulled by dogs to travel on roads?
- How many people can the flying water car carry?

热点聚焦

Different ways of parenting
你的父母是属于哪种类型呢?

Parents always want the best for the kids. But everyone has their own way of parenting. Here are some popular parenting styles. Which one do you like best?

Dolphin parents 海豚式父母
They just want their kids to be happy and healthy. They make sure their kids get enough sleep and exercise.

Lawnmower parents 割草机式父母
Like a lawnmower that cuts grass, they solve all the difficulties for their children. Their kids never learn to work out problems on their own.

Tiger parents 虎爸虎妈
They are strict with their children. They want them to get the best grades in their class. They want them to have more skills.

Helicopter parents 直升机式父母
They worry too much about their children and “fly” over them like helicopters. Many people think these parents should give their children more freedom.

[Have a try]根据短文内容,判断句子正(T)误(F)

- There are four kinds of popular parenting styles in the passage.
- Lawnmower parents worry too much about their children.

Driving on the water

“轻功水上漂”——全球首款水上的士

Heavy traffic in cities makes traveling by car too slow sometimes. To solve this problem, a company in France has made a flying water car! The water taxi can take you onto a river, sea or lake. It goes through the water without making waves. The car can reach a top speed of 48 kilometers an hour. It can carry one driver and five passengers. The company that made the car is planning to introduce it in 50 cities around the world in the next five years.

脑筋急转弯

- How many seconds are there in a year?
- What are two things you cannot have for breakfast?
- What is always coming, but never arrives?



Units 1~3 阶段复习

查漏补缺

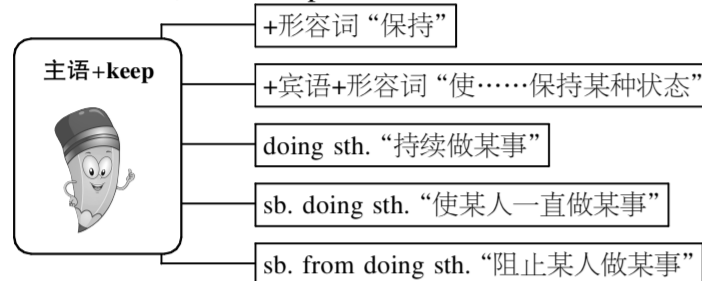
keep 贵在“坚持”

【例句】

- We should eat fruit and vegetables to **keep** healthy.
- Don't **keep** the windows **open**.
- He **kept** (on) **smoking** after the doctor told him to stop.
- I am sorry to **keep** you **waiting** for long.
- The rain **kept** us **from** going out.

【点拨】

理解以上例句可知,keep用于以下短语或结构中:



【练习】

- 每天坚持跑步一个小时,你就会更健康。
_____ for an hour every day, and you'll be much healthier.
- 请保持安静! Please _____!
- 婴儿经常不停地哭。The baby often _____.

句型再现

Units 1~3 核心句型

- ▶ **What's the matter (with...)?** 意为“……怎么了?”。
- ▶ **have problems/trouble (in) doing sth.** 意为“做某事有困难”。
- ▶ **be used to doing sth.** 意为“习惯做某事”。

【练习1】

- The old woman had problems _____ (get) off the bus. She needed some help.
- _____?
—I have a headache.
A. How are you B. How do you like it
C. What can I do for you
D. What's the matter with you
- 他叔叔习惯早餐后听古典音乐。
His uncle _____ classical music after breakfast.

- ▶ **“make it+形容词(+for sb.)+to do sth.”**意为“使(某人)做某事……”。
- ▶ **used to do sth.** 意为“过去常常做某事”。
- ▶ **“疑问词+动词不定式”**构成不定式短语,常在句中作宾语。

【练习2】

- I didn't know how _____ (teach) children when I started to work in a primary school.
- I used to _____ newspapers after dinner. But now I'm used to _____ a walk.
A. read; take B. read; taking
C. reading; taking D. reading; take
- 我觉得学英语很重要。
I think it important _____ English.

- ▶ **“Neither+连系动词 be/助动词/情态动词+主语.”**表示前者所描述的否定情况也适用于后者。
- ▶ **“the+比较级..., the+比较级...”**意为“越……就越……”。
- ▶ **as soon as** 意为“一……就……”,引导时间状语从句,相当于 **the minute that...**

【练习3】

- The larger library you have in your head, the _____ (long) it usually takes to find a right word.
- Ben will call you as soon as he _____ (get) the tickets to the match.
- I don't understand the story in the new unit.
A. Neither I do B. Neither do I
C. So do I D. So I do

单词变脸

die—death—dead

【例句】

- Many people died because of this illness. 很多人因为这种疾病而去世。
- The news of his death is not true. 关于他去世的消息不是真的。
- I'm afraid the dog is dead. 我想这条狗已经死了。

【归纳】

由以上三个例句可知,die, death, dead 都意为“死”。die 作不及物动词,过去式形式是 died; death 作名词; dead 是形容词,意为“死的”。

develop—development—developed—developing

【例句】

- He developed the little shop into a big store. 他把小铺子发展成一个大商店。
- The old scientist cares about the development of his country. 这位老科学家关心自己祖国的发展。
- China is a developing country, and America is a developed one. 中国是发展中国家,美国是发达国家。

【归纳】

由以上三个例句可知,develop 是动词,意为“发展”; development 是名词,意为“发展”;

developing 形容词,意为“发展中的”; developed 形容词,意为“发达的”。

【注意】

develop 发音不是以重读闭音节结尾,因此加-ed 或-ing 时不双写最后的辅音字母 p。

【练习】用括号内单词的适当形式填空

- I heard the news of his _____ (die) only last week.
- The scientist _____ (die) ten years ago.
- He is _____ (die), but his name will live forever in our hearts.
- It is good for your _____ (develop).
- The city is _____ (develop) quickly these years.

(下转第3版)

学习报 八年级英语 2019-2020 学年 下学期编辑计划

期数	编辑内容
25	Unit 1
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27	Unit 3
28	Units 1-3
29	Unit 4
30	Unit 5
31	Units 4-5
32	期中检测
33	Unit 6
34	Unit 7
35	Unit 8
36	Units 6-8
37	Unit 9
38	Unit 10
39	Units 9-10
40	期末检测
41-48	期末综合复习



Units 1~3 基础知识过关

单词关

I. 根据句意及汉语提示,写出句中所缺的单词

- Mom, drink some water with honey. I know you often have a sore _____ (喉咙).
- The kind man always tries to _____ (自愿做) to help others.
- Though the girl was _____ (残疾的), she never gave up.
- My father is too busy to have meals on time. So he often has a _____ (胃痛).
- We should care about the old people who are alone and often feel _____ (孤独的).
- Your bag looks heavy. Let me help you _____ (提) it.
- Could you please not _____ (扔) your things everywhere, Tom? What a mess!
- We should help our parents with housework. And _____ (而且), we can learn a lot from it.

II. 根据句意,用括号内所给词的适当形式填空

- When we help others, we may make _____ (we) happier.
- If you know the _____ (important) of health, you will exercise more.
- Finally, the man made a _____ (decide) to give away all his money to our school.
- We never know who are the _____ (own) of the bikes, but we still want to thank them.
- You should be brave to face these _____ (difficult) and try to solve them.
- When they saw Mo Yan, a great writer, in their classroom, they all got _____ (exciting).
- In fact, some animals can help take care of disabled people after some special _____ (train).
- These days, not all students know what to do with their _____ (stress) from school.

交际关

从方框中选择合适的句子补全对话(有两项多余)

- A: Hi, Peter! Are you free this weekend?
B: Yes. (1) _____
A: We're going to have a food festival this weekend.
B: Really? (2) _____
A: Because a boy in our school is ill. We want to raise money for him.
B: I'm very pleased that you're trying to help others.
A: (3) _____
B: Sure, I'd love to. (4) _____
A: I think we'll have it in the park on Sunday.
B: What can I do for you now?
A: (5) _____
B: Of course.
A: Thank you very much.

- A. Would you like to come to the food festival?
B. We must make it successful.
C. Can you help us to make a poster about the food festival?
D. What's up, David?
E. But when and where will you have it?
F. Who will come to the food festival?
G. Why will you organize the food festival?

短语关

I. 将句子中的汉语部分译成英语,注意使用适当的形式

- My sister _____ (感冒) last Friday.
- Don't eat too much, or you'll _____ (胃痛).
- The doctor advises the man to _____ (躺下) and rest.
- The doctor _____ (量他的体温) and then gave him some medicine.
- Tom _____ (发烧), so he didn't go to work.
- My brother is going to _____ (参加……选拔) for the school tennis team.
- Can you teach me how to _____ (叠我的衣服)?
- Let's _____ (清除干净) the broken glass before someone walks on it.

II. 根据句意,从方框中选择合适的短语填空

- fix up, fall down, give out, make a difference, cheer up, depend on, be in control of, take out the rubbish

- Could you please _____, Sam? It has a bad smell.
- Lucky _____ to my life.
- Mike is used to _____ himself whatever (无论什么) he does.
- Unluckily, the man _____ and hurt his two legs.
- We'd like you _____ the sick kids, Mike.
- Are you free today, Judy? We need you _____ the posters after school.
- Could you please _____ the old bike, Dad? I need to ride it to school.
- Mr Brown _____ this factory.

语法关

I. 根据句意,用括号内所给动词的正确时态填空

- Look! Some people _____ (skate) on the lake now.
- It's a good habit _____ (have) breakfast every day.
- We _____ (drive) to Qingdao next year.
- The funny story made everyone _____ (laugh).
- Jack _____ (buy) a T-shirt in the store last week.
- They plan _____ (travel) around the world in the future.
- What did the teacher ask you _____ (do) before class?
- Lin Tao _____ (leave) his key at home last Tuesday.

II. 用方框内所给动词的适当形式填空(有的需要变换形式)

- several, interest, change, break, lonely, cheer, alone, volunteer

Jason and Brian are good friends and they're in a *charity* (慈善) group. They (1) _____ to help others on weekends or during holidays. They help people who live (2) _____ or who are ill in hospital. They take a great (3) _____ in their jobs and feel happy when they help others.

Last Thursday, a traffic accident happened near their school. A truck hit a car when the truck driver suddenly (4) _____ the *direction* (方向). Mr. Green, the man in the car, was badly hurt. He was sent to the hospital. His left leg is (5) _____. He has to be in hospital for (6) _____ weeks. Mr. Green feels (7) _____ because his son is working in another city.

Hearing the news, Jason and Brian decided (8) _____ Mr. Green up on the weekend. They say they will care for Mr. Green until he gets well.

广东 郑树珊 (参考答案见下期4版)



扫码 查看上期答案 播放听力音频

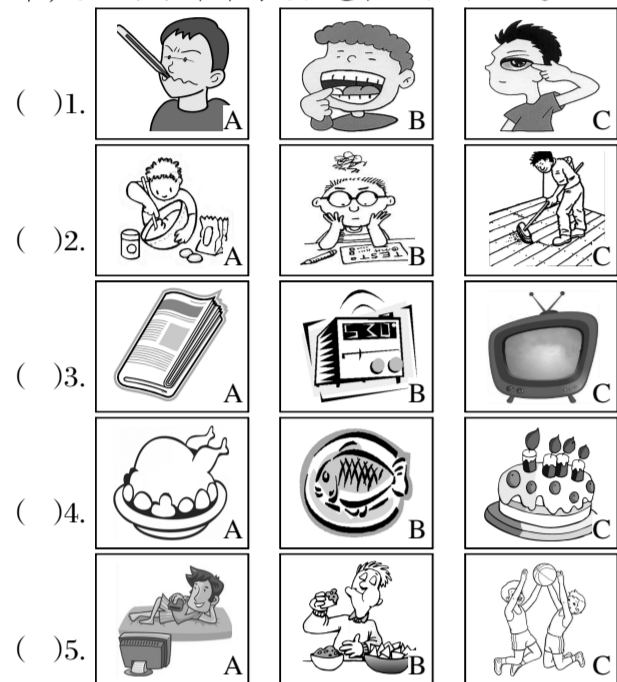
Units 1~3 阶段复习检测题

Full Marks:120 Class Name Marks

听力部分 共20分

I. 情景反应(每小题1分;共5分)

这一大题共有5个小题,每小题你将听到一组对话。请你从每小题所给的A、B、C三幅图片中,选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项。



II. 对话理解(每小题1分;共5分)

这一大题共有5个小题,每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请你从A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项。

- () 6. A. Visit the park. B. Take care of animals. C. Visit the old people's home. () 7. A. Mike. B. Mike's cousin. C. Mike's friend. () 8. A. Have a rest. B. Work hard. C. See a doctor. () 9. A. To do his homework. B. To watch TV. C. To go home earlier. () 10. A. He is playing games. B. He is reading. C. He is writing an e-mail.

III. 语篇理解(每小题1分;共5分)

这一大题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容和所提出的5个问题,从A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项。

- () 11. Where did Mr. Wood spend his Christmas Day? A. At school. B. At home. C. In the hospital. () 12. How did Mr. Wood feel on Christmas Day? A. Happy. B. Unlucky. C. Comfortable. () 13. How long did Mr. Wood stay in hospital? A. For a month. B. For a few days. C. For a few weeks. () 14. Where did Mr. Wood go on New Year's Day? A. Went home. B. Went to a park. C. Went to a party. () 15. What happened to Mr. Wood on New Year's Day? A. He hurt his left leg. B. He hurt his head. C. He hurt his right leg.

IV. 听力填空(每小题1分;共5分)

这一大题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容,完成下面表格,并将获取的信息填到相应的位置上(每空一词)。

Working for others table with Name, Activities, Alice, John, Linda

笔试部分 共100分

V. 单项选择(每小题1分;共15分)

从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

- () 21. —What's _____ matter with you, Li Lei? —I have _____ cold and I'm going to see a doctor. A. a; a B. the; the C. an; the D. the; a () 22. _____ our surprise, Lisa and her sister have little _____ common. A. To; in B. In; to C. To; to D. In; in () 23. The more junk food you eat, _____ healthy you will be. A. the less B. the more C. more D. less () 24. _____ you _____ go to school by bike? —Yes. But now I usually take a bus. A. Are; used to B. Did; use to C. Do; use to D. Were; used to () 25. —Will you please give the book to Helen? —Sure. I'll give it to her _____ she arrives here. A. before B. until C. because D. as soon as () 26. —I tried to make Jane _____ her mind, but I found it was difficult. —Well, you'd better not. A. make B. develop C. change D. control () 27. —I have a bad cold. _____? —See a doctor first. A. May I help you B. What should I do C. Who are you D. How are you () 28. —Tina, Mom asked you to sweep the floor. —What? It's _____! But you are playing computer games. A. fair B. boring C. unfair D. exciting () 29. —How do you like the movie The Climbers? —It's _____ exciting _____ I'd like to see it again. A. so; that B. such; that C. enough; to D. too; to () 30. —Anna, can you read the newspaper to me? —Yes, but Grandpa, I _____ a paper plane for Lily. Can I read it later? A. folded B. was folding C. fold D. am folding () 31. My uncle is repairing some old bikes these days. He plans to _____ to charity. A. give them away B. give them up C. take them away D. pick them up

- () 32. —Was Ben at home when you got home? —Yes. I saw him _____ with his model car. A. playing B. to play C. played D. plays () 33. —They didn't go for a picnic yesterday. —_____. A. So did I B. So I did C. Neither did I D. Neither I did () 34. Rose always hurts _____ playing sports, so her mother worries about _____ very much. A. her; her B. herself; her C. her; herself D. herself; herself () 35. —Dad, could you buy me a storybook? —_____. Tell me which one you want to take. A. Good idea B. No, I can't C. Yes, sure D. Never mind

VI. 完形填空(每小题1.5分;共15分)

阅读下面短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

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VII. 阅读理解(每小题2分;共40分)

阅读下列短文,根据短文内容从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

Question: I have a sore throat and a headache. What should I do? Is there a way to make my throat feel better? —Rachel, three days ago (下转第6版)



扫码 查看上期答案 播放听力音频

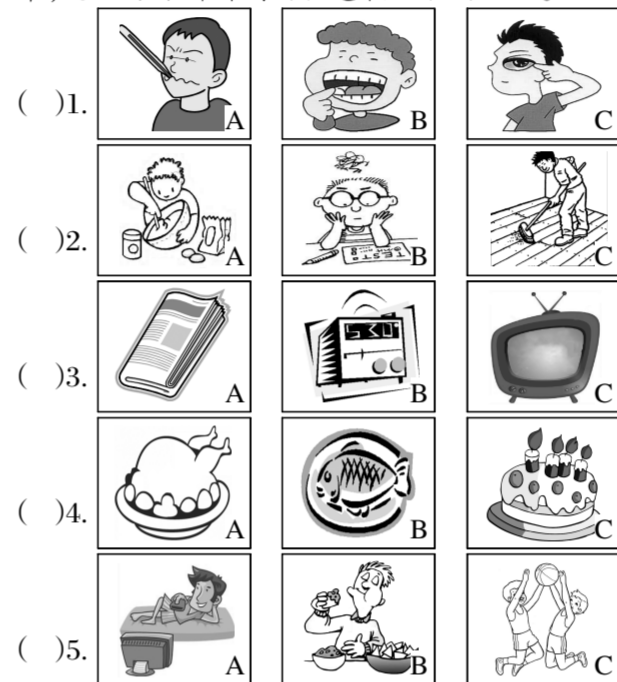
Units 1~3 阶段复习检测题

Full Marks:120 Class Name Marks

听力部分 共20分

I. 情景反应(每小题1分;共5分)

这一大题共有5个小题,每小题你将听到一组对话。请你从每小题所给的A、B、C三幅图片中,选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项。



II. 对话理解(每小题1分;共5分)

这一大题共有5个小题,每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请你从A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项。

- () 6. A. Visit the park. B. Take care of animals. C. Visit the old people's home. () 7. A. Mike. B. Mike's cousin. C. Mike's friend. () 8. A. Have a rest. B. Work hard. C. See a doctor. () 9. A. To do his homework. B. To watch TV. C. To go home earlier. () 10. A. He is playing games. B. He is reading. C. He is writing an e-mail.

III. 语篇理解(每小题1分;共5分)

这一大题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容和所提出的5个问题,从A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项。

- () 11. Where did Mr. Wood spend his Christmas Day? A. At school. B. At home. C. In the hospital. () 12. How did Mr. Wood feel on Christmas Day? A. Happy. B. Unlucky. C. Comfortable. () 13. How long did Mr. Wood stay in hospital? A. For a month. B. For a few days. C. For a few weeks. () 14. Where did Mr. Wood go on New Year's Day? A. Went home. B. Went to a park. C. Went to a party. () 15. What happened to Mr. Wood on New Year's Day? A. He hurt his left leg. B. He hurt his head. C. He hurt his right leg.

IV. 听力填空(每小题1分;共5分)

这一大题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容,完成下面表格,并将获取的信息填到相应的位置上(每空一词)。

Working for others table with Name, Activities, Alice, John, Linda

笔试部分 共100分

V. 单项选择(每小题1分;共15分)

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VII. 阅读理解(每小题2分;共40分)

阅读下列短文,根据短文内容从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

Question: I have a sore throat and a headache. What should I do? Is there a way to make my throat feel better? —Rachel, three days ago (下转第6版)

(上接第5版)

Advice	
Bill, 2 days ago	My best sore throat "medicine" is hot water with honey. It works very well.
Julie, one day ago	Rest as much as possible. Also try massaging your head to help make your headache go away.
Cathy, 2 hours ago	Take medicine as early as possible. Keep warm and get a lot of rest.
Sam, one hour ago	<i>Gargle</i> (漱口) with warm salt water for your sore throat. Drink a lot of water, and try some hot soup.

- () 46. Maybe Rachel had a _____.
A. toothache B. stomachache
C. backache D. cold
- () 47. What's Bill's favorite sore throat "medicine"?
A. Some hot milk.
B. Hot water with honey.
C. Some warm salt water.
D. Some hot soup.
- () 48. What does the word "massaging" mean?
A. 翻转 B. 撞击
C. 按摩 D. 摇摆
- () 49. Who told Rachel to take medicine as early as possible?
A. Cathy. B. Bill.
C. Sam. D. Julie.
- () 50. When did Sam give Rachel advice?
A. Two days ago. B. One day ago.
C. Two hours ago. D. One hour ago.

B

We know that the long summer vacation can be a great time to learn or to do something new. How do you spend your wonderful summer vacation? Here are some ideas for you to plan an interesting summer vacation.

Do something for the next school year

The summer vacation can be a great time to do something for the next school year. Give yourself some time to think about your hopes. You'd better make a nice plan and try to do it.

Help others

The summer vacation gives you time to do something for others. **That** is important to you. In fact, many students volunteer to help others during their summer vacation.

Something else

Think about something else you want to do. Write a book? Paint a picture? Get a job? Travel to an interesting place? What would you like to do during the summer vacation? Now it's time to talk to your parents or friends about it. And then start a great summer vacation.

- () 51. You should _____ for the next school year.
A. read many books
B. do your homework
C. think about your hopes
D. make friends with others
- () 52. The underlined word "that" means "_____".
A. helping others B. getting a job
C. writing a book D. traveling
- () 53. From the passage, we know that _____ during the summer vacation.
A. you don't have much time
B. traveling is very important
C. you can't talk to your teachers
D. you can do many things
- () 54. Which of the following is NOT true?
A. You can travel to some interesting places.
B. You should study for exams during the summer vacation.
C. You can do something you want to do.
D. You can help some people during the summer vacation.

- () 55. The main idea for this passage is about _____.
A. an interesting summer vacation
B. the things you can do during the summer vacation
C. the time when we have the summer vacation
D. helping someone during the summer vacation

C

Many men are happier when they do some housework according to a new study.

The result surprised the workers who started the study. "We wanted to find out that men got more family problems when they did more housework. But it isn't so in fact," a worker at the University of Cambridge said.

The study was made in seven European countries with thousands of people. The workers wrote down how much time men spent on chores, such as cooking, washing, cleaning and shopping.

The workers found that more and more men like doing the housework and women are more *confident*(自信的) than they were in the past.

"In the past, men might feel sad, because doing some housework might *influence*(影响) their work. Women also had the problem for a long time," the study's report said. "Now some men live a better life after doing some chores."

- () 56. The workers wanted to find out _____.
A. how many men do the chores
B. more family problems if men do more chores
C. how happy men are when they do more chores
D. how unhappy women are when they do more chores

- () 57. The workers felt _____ when they saw the result of the study.
A. excited B. angry
C. surprised D. happy
- () 58. How many European countries was the study made in?
A. Three. B. Five.
C. Six. D. Seven.

- () 59. What can we learn from the passage?
A. Men don't live a worse life after doing some chores.
B. Men like to do more chores than women.
C. Women should work outside and men should work at home.
D. Women like doing chores at home.

- () 60. What's the best title for this passage?
A. The problem between life and work
B. Be happy with the housework
C. Men hate doing the housework
D. Women like doing the housework

D

阅读短文,从方框中选出合适的句子还原到短文中,使短文完整、衔接自然。其中有两项多余项。

In New York City, USA, there is a special group of men who save animals. These men all love riding bikes. (61)_____ Then they found that they shared a common interest — their love of animals. Later, they set up a group.

(62)_____ They do things like this: (63)_____ They visit schools and educate children to be kind to animals.

(64)_____ They work in restaurants, schools, parks, police stations, etc. Now more and more people know the group and *donate*(捐赠) money to help with their work. (65)_____ All of these men believe that volunteering has changed their lives and helped them feel better about themselves.

- A. The men have different jobs.
B. Doing volunteer work can be helpful to them.
C. They accept it happily and work even harder.
D. They often met each other in bike clubs before.
E. They could also volunteer at a hospital.
F. They look for animals that are alone and find homes for them.
G. Now the men are working to save animals.

VIII. 综合填空 (每小题 1.5 分;共 15 分)

根据短文,从方框中选词并用其正确形式填空,其中有两项多余。

borrow, rubbish, sister, neighbor, they, hate, change fair, independent, sweep, take, you

It is necessary for us teenagers to do some chores. By doing them, we can help our parents and understand (66)_____ better. We can also learn to look after ourselves.

However, Matt (67)_____ doing chores. He has to do the dishes on Mondays and Tuesdays. He has to take out the (68)_____ on Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. And on weekends he has to (69)_____ the floor. Sometimes he even has to (70)_____ care of his 10-year-old brother. He knows his parents are just trying to make him more (71)_____. But he thinks it's (72)_____ for him. His brother should do some housework, too.

Jason is Matt's classmate and is also one of his (73)_____. In his family, only the girls do chores. His two (74)_____ make all the beds and clean all the rooms, even his bedroom.

One day, Matt asked Jason, "Could I (75)_____ your sisters? They can help me do chores." Jason laughed, "Of course, if you promise to give them back."

IX. 情景交际(每小题 1 分;共 5 分)

根据对话内容,从方框中选出恰当的选项完成下面对话,其中有两项多余。

- A: Tom, your clothes are so dirty. How come?
B: (76)_____ And I didn't notice that.
A: Sounds interesting. (77)_____
B: I watered the trees and flowers in the park.
A: I also want to be a volunteer. (78)_____
B: You should look for some information about volunteer programs. (79)_____ It said that they need several volunteers.
A: So great! (80)_____
B: Good luck.

A. What did you do as a volunteer?
B. When did you volunteer in the park?
C. I'll try out for these programs.
D. I volunteered in the park this afternoon.
E. I didn't take an interest in these jobs.
F. I saw a notice yesterday.
G. What should I do?

X. 书面表达(共 10 分)

假如朱莉的妈妈要去美国待几周,但是有几件事情需要朱莉来帮忙料理。请根据表格提示,帮她写一个便条。词数:80左右。格式已给出,不计入总词数。

事件 1	每天把家里的垃圾带出去。
事件 2	每周打扫一次房间。
事件 3	照顾宠物狗。
事件 4	周末去看望祖父母。

Dear Julie,

Mom

安徽 樊传银 江苏 余占
(参考答案及听力材料请扫描下期第5版二维码查看)

(上接第5版)

Advice	
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G. What should I do?

X. 书面表达(共 10 分)

假如朱莉的妈妈要去美国待几周,但是有几件事情需要朱莉来帮忙料理。请根据表格提示,帮她写一个便条。词数:80左右。格式已给出,不计入总词数。

事件 1	每天把家里的垃圾带出去。
事件 2	每周打扫一次房间。
事件 3	照顾宠物狗。
事件 4	周末去看望祖父母。

Dear Julie,

Mom

安徽 樊传银 江苏 余占
(参考答案及听力材料请扫描下期第5版二维码查看)